

Find the net electric force (magnitude and direction) on the $5 \mu\text{C}$ charge in the above square. (10 pts)

$$F_{13} = k \frac{q_1 q_3}{r_{13}^2} = (9 \times 10^9 \text{ N} \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{C}^2}) \frac{(5 \times 10^{-6} \text{ C})(4 \times 10^{-6} \text{ C})}{(5 \text{ m})^2} = .0072 \text{ N}$$

$$F_{14} = k \frac{q_1 q_4}{r_{14}^2} = (9 \times 10^9 \text{ N} \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{C}^2}) \frac{(5 \times 10^{-6} \text{ C})(3 \times 10^{-6} \text{ C})}{(7.071 \text{ m})^2} = .0027 \text{ N}$$

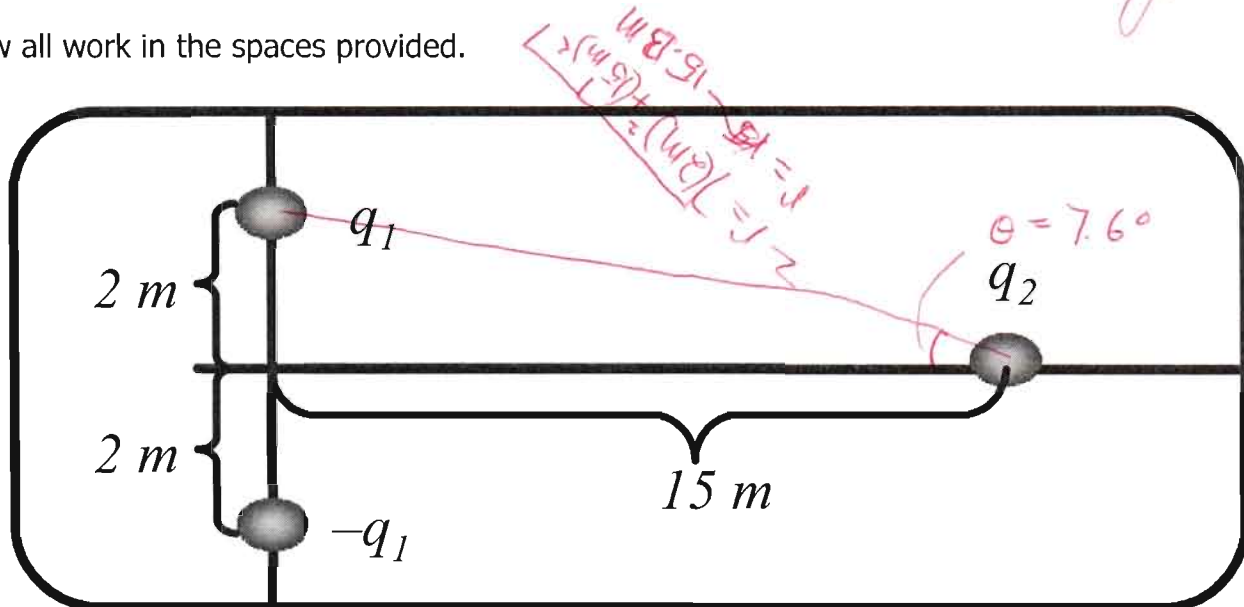
$$\sum F_y = -F_{13} + F_{14} \sin(45^\circ) = -(.0072 \text{ N}) + (.0027 \text{ N}) \sin(45^\circ) = -.0053 \text{ N}$$

$$\sum F_x = F_{12} + F_{14} \cos(45^\circ) = .0072 \text{ N} + (.0027 \text{ N}) \cos(45^\circ) = .0091 \text{ N}$$

$$|\vec{F}_{\text{net}}| = \sqrt{(\sum F_x)^2 + (\sum F_y)^2} = \sqrt{(.0091 \text{ N})^2 + (-.0053 \text{ N})^2} = .01 \text{ N}$$

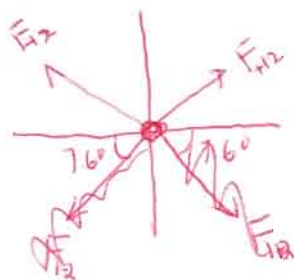
$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\sum F_y}{\sum F_x} \right) = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{-.0053 \text{ N}}{.0091 \text{ N}} \right) = -30.22^\circ$$

Show all work in the spaces provided.



1) In the figure above $q_1 = 20 \mu\text{C}$ and $q_2 = -15 \mu\text{C}$.

a) Draw a free body diagram of charge q_2 . (3 pts)



$$F_{12} = k \frac{q_1 q_2}{r^2} = (9 \times 10^9 \frac{\text{N} \cdot \text{m}^2}{\text{C}^2}) \frac{(20 \times 10^{-6} \text{C})(15 \times 10^{-6} \text{C})}{(15.13 \text{m})^2}$$

$$F = F_{-12} = F_{+12} = 0.0118 \text{N}$$

b) What would be the net force (magnitude and direction) on a q_2 (7 pts)

$$\sum F_x = -F_{-12} \cos(7.6^\circ) + F_{+12} \cos(7.6^\circ) = 0$$

$$\sum F_y = +F_{-12} \sin(7.6^\circ) + F_{+12} \sin(7.6^\circ) = 2 F \sin(7.6^\circ)$$

$$\sum F_y = -2(-0.0118 \text{N}) \sin(7.6^\circ) = 0.00312 \text{N}_{\parallel}$$